

MARKET CONTROL ISSUES

(1991-2020 ON THE EXAMPLE OF TASHKENT MARKETS)

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ANNOTATSIYA

Maqolada poytaxtdagi yirik dehqon bozorlari va savdo majmualaridagi asosiy savdo o'rinlari, o'rtada turib vositachilik bilan shug'ullanuvchilar, ya'ni olib sotarlar tomonidan egallab olinganligi, eng muhim turdagi mahsulot turlari bilan savdo qiluvchilarning narxlarni sun'iy oshirib olish holatlari va bu kabi holatlarning doimiy nazorat qilib turilishi, qay tartibda nazorat amalga oshirib kelinganligi hususida fikr yuritiladi.

Tayanch so'z va iboralar - Aralash bozorlar, moki savdogarlar, bozor iqtisodiyoti, moki savdogarlik.

ANNOTATION

In the article, the main trading places in the capital's large farmers' markets and shopping complexes are occupied by middlemen, that is, sellers, the cases of artificially increasing prices by traders with the most important types of products, and this It is thought about the constant control of such cases, the manner in which the control was carried out.

Keywords and phrases - Mixed markets, shuttle traders, market economy, shuttle trader.

In order to provide quality services to the population in the markets of Tashkent city, market activity has been monitored. According to the Decree of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated March 5, 1996 "Additional measures to improve the

organization of markets and the quality of services to the population" ¹, in order to regulate payments for land areas used by trade, household and other types of service outlets, according to the decision of the mayor of Tashkent city "On the collection of market and fair land fees", all markets and fairs in the city of Tashkent have been grossly registered ².

Weighers, supervisors and other employees under the leadership of the market director are obliged to faithfully perform their duties and civil duties, first of all, to create the necessary conditions for the sale and storage of products, to control prices, and to ensure that citizens pay the appropriate taxes without hiding their profits. They should take all necessary measures ³.

In 2000, the organizational work on the control of markets in Tashkent was carried out. On April 15, 2008, the situation in the markets of Tashkent was discussed at a special meeting held in the Cabinet of Ministers of Uzbekistan under the chairmanship of the Prime Minister of the Republic of Uzbekistan. The main trading positions in a number of large farmers' markets in the capital are occupied by middlemen, that is, exporters, the most important types of fruits and vegetables and vegetable products, in particular, onions (up to 1800 soums), potatoes (up to 800 soums) and egg (up to 210 soums) prices have been criticized. It was also pointed out at the meeting. For this reason, they did not organize enough work in order to regulate the activities of Tashkent city markets, clean the markets from sellers, ensure price stability, fill with basic products, improve sanitary conditions and create an effective control system in this regard, and until now it was noted that the failure to create an effective control system will be pointed out to district governors, internal affairs, tax and prosecutor's offices, sanitary-epidemiological control, trade department,

¹ Ўзбекистон Республикаси Президентининг 1996 йил 5 мартдаги “Бозорларнинг фаолиятини ташкил этишни ва аҳолига хизмат кўрсатиш сифатини яхшилашга доир қўшимча чора-тадбирлар” тўғрисидаги Фармони // <https://lex.uz/ru/docs/173304>

² Central state archive of Tashkent city, fund 582, list 1, case 265, page 113.

³ Бозор – мўътабар маскан // Халқ сўзи. – 1996. – 3 апрель № 65.

"Tashbozatarayorlovsavdo" association and farmers' markets, and the noted deficiencies will be eliminated ¹.

As a result of the meeting, in order to establish a daily control system in order to regulate the activities of the markets, to remove middlemen, to ensure price stability, to fill with basic types of products, and to improve sanitary conditions, Tashkent city administration a special headquarters was established. Their composition is approved, the district headquarters will be located in the building of a large farmer's market in the area, and their main tasks - the members of the headquarters will study the general condition of the market every morning until 7:00 a.m. It is aimed to determine the specific responsible for supply, to conduct a conversation with the sellers occupying the main sales positions in the market and to study the sources of product supply and price formation by them.

In conclusion, strict measures have been taken against those who engage in mediation on a regular basis. Allotment of their places to real peasants and farmers, condition of trade stalls, additional stalls have been placed. Providing stone-scales to stone -throwers, assisting farmers in bringing products into the market area, preventing any pressure on farmers and farmers from the market administration or vendors, market area and stalls during the day it is planned to clean the streets from waste, to ensure the fulfillment of the schedule of removal of the collected waste, to study the condition of the material and technical base of the market and to take measures to eliminate the identified deficiencies.

¹Central State Archive of Tashkent city, Fund 582, List 1, Case 1188, Sheet 39.

Books:

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