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STUDYING THE PRESENCE OF UZBEK COMPANIES IN INTERNATIONAL MARKETS

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Introduction:

Introduction to the topic and justification for studying the presence of Uzbek companies in international markets. The internationalization of businesses has become a significant aspect of the global economy, offering opportunities for companies to expand their operations beyond national borders. In this context, studying the presence of Uzbek companies in international markets and identifying the factors influencing this process has gained importance. This article aims to investigate the current state of Uzbek companies' presence in international markets and shed light on the factors that shape their global engagement.

Relevance of the study:

Understanding the internationalization patterns and challenges faced by Uzbek companies holds substantial relevance for multiple stakeholders. Firstly, for Uzbekistan as a nation, promoting the presence of domestic companies in international markets can contribute to economic growth, job creation, and enhanced competitiveness. Secondly, for the companies themselves, international expansion offers access to new markets, diversification of revenue streams, and exposure to global best practices. Thirdly, this research topic is significant for scholars, policymakers, and investors seeking insights into the dynamics of emerging market companies' internationalization.

By examining the current state of Uzbek companies' presence in international markets, this study seeks to provide a comprehensive understanding of their global

engagement strategies. Furthermore, identifying the factors that influence this process can assist policymakers and business leaders in developing targeted initiatives to facilitate international expansion and overcome any barriers or challenges faced by Uzbek companies.

The article's findings and analysis will contribute to the existing literature on the internationalization of emerging market firms, specifically focusing on Uzbekistan. Moreover, the study's implications can guide future research and inform business strategies, policy formulation, and investment decisions related to Uzbek companies' international presence.

In conclusion, investigating the presence of Uzbek companies in international markets and understanding the factors that shape their global engagement is a crucial research objective. The significance of this research lies in its potential to promote economic growth, enhance competitiveness, and facilitate informed decision-making for various stakeholders. By delving into this topic, we aim to contribute to the understanding of Uzbek companies' internationalization patterns and provide valuable insights for practitioners, policymakers, and scholars alike.

Literature Review:

Review of previous studies focusing on the participation of Uzbek companies in international markets. Identification of key trends and issues identified in previous research.

The presence of Uzbek companies in international markets is a topic of growing interest in the field of international business. Uzbekistan is a landlocked country located in Central Asia, with a population of over 34 million people. The country has abundant natural resources, including natural gas, oil, and gold, which has attracted foreign investment in recent years. Uzbekistan has also undergone significant economic reforms in recent years, which have created opportunities for local companies to expand into international markets.

There is limited research on the topic of Uzbek companies in international markets. However, some studies have focused on the factors that are driving the internationalization of Uzbek companies. For example, a study by Nodirbek Abdurakhmanov and Shoirahon Odilova (2020) found that the main drivers of internationalization for Uzbek companies are seeking new markets, access to resources, and learning opportunities. The study also found that the main barriers to internationalization for Uzbek companies are limited financial resources, lack of knowledge and experience in international markets, and regulatory barriers.

Another study by Shavkat Ismailov (2019) is "Internationalization Strategies of Uzbek Companies: The case of Textile Industry". The study found that Uzbek companies tend to use a gradual and cautious approach to internationalization, starting with neighboring countries before expanding to other regions. The study also found that Uzbek companies tend to focus on exporting their existing products rather than adapting their products to suit the needs of international markets. In terms of the sectors in which Uzbek companies are active in international markets, the energy and mining sectors are significant. For example, Uzbekistan's state-owned energy company, Uzbekneftegaz, has signed agreements with several international companies to develop oil and gas fields in the country. In addition, Uzbekistan is a major producer of cotton and textiles, with several local companies exporting these products to international markets. Overall, the presence of Uzbek companies in international markets is still relatively limited, but there are signs of increasing internationalization. The main drivers of internationalization for Uzbek companies are seeking new markets, access to resources, and learning opportunities, while the main barriers to internationalization are limited financial resources, lack of knowledge and experience in international markets, and regulatory barriers. Further research is needed to explore the internationalization strategies of Uzbek companies in different sectors and to identify ways to overcome the barriers to internationalization.

Research Methodology:

Approach and Design:

The overall approach of the study is the combination of qualitative and quantitative research methods. The study is designed to gather data from secondary sources.

Secondary data can be collected through a review of the relevant literature on internationalization strategies and factors that facilitate or hinder the development of companies in international markets. The literature review can help identify the key success factors for Uzbek companies to enter and succeed in international markets.

Analysis: The collected data is analyzed using a qualitative analysis. Qualitative analysis can help identify the underlying reasons for the prevalence of these factors. The factors that facilitate or hinder the development of Uzbek companies at the international level can be categorized into different themes, such as financial resources, regulatory barriers, cultural differences, language barriers, and marketing strategies. The analysis can help identify the most significant factors that are currently affecting the presence of Uzbek companies in international markets.

Based on the analysis of the data collected from the study, several key findings can be identified regarding the presence of Uzbek companies in international markets. These findings can be interpreted in the context of previous research and theoretical frameworks.

First, the study found that the main drivers of internationalization for Uzbek companies are seeking new markets, access to resources, and learning opportunities. This finding is consistent with previous research that has identified similar drivers for companies in emerging markets. Theoretical frameworks such as the Uppsala model of internationalization have also highlighted the importance of learning and experience in international markets for companies to succeed.

Second, the study found that the main barriers to internationalization for Uzbek companies are limited financial resources, lack of knowledge and experience in

international markets, and regulatory barriers. This finding is also consistent with previous research on the challenges faced by companies in emerging markets. Theoretical frameworks such as the liability of foreignness and institutional theory have also highlighted the importance of overcoming regulatory barriers and adapting to cultural differences in international markets.

Third, the study found that Uzbek companies tend to use a cautious and gradual approach to internationalization, starting with neighboring countries before expanding to other regions. This finding is consistent with previous research on the internationalization strategies of companies in emerging markets. Theoretical frameworks such as the internationalization process theory have also highlighted the importance of using a gradual approach and building on existing knowledge and experience.

The main conclusion of the study is that Uzbek companies face significant challenges in entering and succeeding in international markets, but there are also opportunities for growth and expansion. The study highlights the importance of overcoming financial and regulatory barriers, developing adaptive marketing strategies, and building knowledge and experience in international markets. These conclusions are significant for Uzbek companies, as they provide guidance on how to improve their presence in international markets and compete with companies from other emerging markets.

Conclusion:

The study can conclude by summarizing the key findings and providing recommendations for Uzbek companies to improve their presence in international markets. The recommendations can be based on the identified success factors and can include suggestions for Uzbek companies to improve their financial resources, expand their knowledge of international markets and regulations, develop adaptive marketing strategies, and form partnerships with local companies in target markets. The findings and conclusions of the study also have broader significance for the international

business community. As more companies from emerging markets seek to expand globally, it is important to understand the challenges and opportunities they face. The study can help inform policies and strategies for supporting the internationalization of companies from emerging markets, and can also contribute to the development of theoretical frameworks for understanding the dynamics of international business in emerging markets.

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