THE ROLE OF INFORMATION SERVICE IN JOURNALISM IN UZBEKISTAN

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Annotation: The energy that society can provide for democratic principles is vital and effective. This is a real situation of professional modern journalism, it is possible to focus on supporting non-governmental social analytical information websites, information and information sources websites, for this purpose it is possible to develop a separate state fund. In this article we can discuss about data the main role of information services in journalism in our country.

Keywords: journalism, mass media, communication, improvement, information services, data, security system.

In Uzbekistan, relations with relations, communication with the people are becoming an important social institution. Public opinion is a mirror that reflects civil society in itself, find its proof in life. President Shavkat Mirziyoyev said, "During the day when communication with the people, people's dreams, people's dreams, and living with people's pains and worries is rising to the level of state policy, we will only be able to succeed if social media become a platform for dialogue and a platform of opinion with every communication. "we can make progress." he said.

Ensuring transparency in society is not easy. It's no secret that he has a lot of outbursts. It is not appropriate to sit idly by as if there is something wrong. Scorching the fleas and setting the blankets on fire is tantamount to cleaning up the transparency effort. The only correct way to answer the question of what to do, then, is to find an

answer from a scientific point of view! In this way, real transparency is possible. The role of disclosure is to act in relation to the judicial opinion.

Journalism is a type of social activity. The owners of this activity (journalists) are engaged in collecting, analyzing and disseminating socially relevant information through mass media (press, radio, television, news agencies, etc.). One of the forms of public propaganda and propaganda of journalism. The nature and purpose of journalism depends on the social nature of society. The term journalism was originally applied to a collection of magazines, and later to all periodicals. Today, the term journalism refers to the product of journalistic activity, a set of related professions, as well as education and science related to this field. Journalism activities include press, radio, television, news agencies, documentary films, etc.

After the independence of Uzbekistan, republican journalism entered the democratic stage, and a new system was formed, which helps to democratically renew the society and establish a legal democratic state. In the course of the formation of the journalism system, special higher education in journalism was founded in the republic. In 1949, a special department for training highly educated journalists was established under the Faculty of Philology of the Central Asian State University (now UzMO). This department was transformed into an independent faculty in 1967. By the decision of the Oliy Majlis of the Republic of Uzbekistan (April 26, 1996) the honorary title "Honored Journalists with higher education are trained at Nukus State University, as well as at the University of World Languages of Uzbekistan. Since 1997, the International Social Center for the Retraining of Journalists has been operating at the State and Society Building Academy under the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan.

The activity of the information service is to inform representatives of hokimia (hokimality departments) and citizens, as well as representatives of civil society institutions representing neighborhood committees and various NGOs, and to create an environment of trust and cooperation. This, in turn, serves the successful

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functioning of state administration and authorities. The information service can carry out its activities in several directions, aimed at different groups of the public or aimed at achieving specific goals (for example, forming the image of the public administration body). The activity of the information service is aimed at ensuring the openness of information of local executive authorities, ensuring the rights of citizens and organizations to receive information about their activities.

The main goal of the information service is to establish two-way communication between the population and local state authorities, to facilitate the free use of open information about the activities of local state authorities. In order to solve the tasks assigned to it, the information service cooperates with IT of the higher state body, regional and structural divisions of the executive power, and various services of other ministries and agencies of the republic.

An acceptable relationship between the news service and journalists will develop if you follow a few general rules:

• fair play - not to present false facts about the activities of the administration;

•providing high-level service to the press - helping journalists to prepare news in accordance with their tasks and work pace. If the main information about the activities of the administration does not reach the journalists in time, it may not reach the population;

•do not ask to "stop an unpleasant incident" - such requests show the applicant's unprofessionalism and cause a cautious attitude towards him. In addition, sometimes it is precisely such requests that reveal all the "problems" of a particular event to the management of the publication - otherwise it may be ignored. It is better to explain to journalists the objective reasons that led to this or that situation;

•not to reduce the general flow of mass information to the press - prior to the presentation of news, they should be sorted chronologically, classified according to the level of importance and relevance, and the information should be distributed correctly among publications. It should be remembered that a good information service is not an auxiliary, but one of the main departments in the administration of

the mayor. This is a high level of social cooperation that must be done in almost everything.

A journalist is not just a news reporter. This work is performed by both the announcer and the reporter. Of course, both journalism and journalism are part of journalism. Commenting, editing, interpreting, analyzing, and discussing the social resonance that occurred after the reporting of an event, socio-political or cultural-economic problem is considered the work of a publicist, but publicism itself is based on the foundation of journalism. let's not forget that he is carrying.

In conclusion, it can be said that the more transparency in the country is reflected in the legal framework, the more it will serve to further improve the modern management of the society and raise the morale of the leader.

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136